

Combined Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

Boards of Directors
Saratoga Performing Arts Center, Inc.
and National Museum of Dance

Opinion

We have audited the combined financial statements of Saratoga Performing Arts Center, Inc. and the National Museum of Dance, which comprise the combined statements of financial position as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related combined statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the combined financial statements (collectively, the financial statements).

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Saratoga Performing Arts Center, Inc. and the National Museum of Dance as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in their net assets and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Saratoga Performing Arts Center, Inc. and the National Museum of Dance and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Saratoga Performing Arts Center, Inc.'s and the National Museum of Dance's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.



Boards of Directors
Saratoga Performing Arts Center, Inc.
and National Museum of Dance
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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Saratoga Performing Arts Center, Inc.'s and the National Museum of Dance's internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Saratoga Performing Arts Center, Inc.'s and the National Museum of Dance's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

BST+CO.CPAs, LLP

Latham, New York March 13, 2025



Combined Statements of Financial Position

	December 31,				
		2024	-	2023	
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,944,087	\$	7,457,289	
Accounts receivable, less allowance 2024: \$52,720; 2023: \$31,964	·	3,863,320	·	1,207,103	
Grants receivable		171,408		-	
Accrued interest receivable		41,118		61,831	
Other current assets		155,692		120,961	
Total current assets		11,175,625		8,847,184	
OTHER ASSETS					
Investments		14,044,915		12,485,613	
Right-of-use asset for operating leases, net		254,869		395,755	
Leasehold improvements and equipment, net		10,128,052		10,251,756	
Insurance premiums receivable		619,520		499,521	
Assets for postretirement benefits		-		105,263	
	\$	36,222,981	\$	32,585,092	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	1,727,035	\$	2,456,534	
Accrued retirement contribution		197,450		140,912	
Deferred revenues		5,327,068		2,592,583	
Current installments of operating lease liabilities		142,839		140,708	
Total current liabilities		7,394,392		5,330,737	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, less current installments					
Operating lease liabilities		109,376		252,215	
COMMITMENTS					
NET ASSETS					
Without donor restrictions					
Board-designated		3,829,546		3,420,609	
Undesignated		13,402,619		13,670,245	
		17,232,165		17,090,854	
With donor restrictions	-	11,487,048		9,911,286	
Total net assets		28,719,213	-	27,002,140	
	\$	36,222,981	\$	32,585,092	

Combined Statements of Activities

	Year Ended December 31, 2024					24
	Wit	hout Donor	Wi	th Donor		
	R	estrictions	Re	strictions		Total
OPERATING REVENUES AND GAINS						
Ticket sales and admissions	\$	4,769,599	\$	-	\$	4,769,599
Membership revenues		4,262,261		-		4,262,261
Restricted gifts and grants		1,848,004		740,567		2,588,571
Fundraising event income		3,505		-		3,505
Third-party venue license fees		2,201,145		-		2,201,145
Other operating revenues		1,945,498		-		1,945,498
Net assets released from restriction		353,892		(353,892)		-
		15,383,904		386,675		15,770,579
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Performance and production		11,994,773		_		11,994,773
Fundraising, including event expense		1,327,629		_		1,327,629
Management and general		2,630,955		-		2,630,955
-		15,953,357		-		15,953,357
Change in net assets from operations		(569,453)		386,675		(182,778)
NON-OPERATING GAINS AND LOSSES						
Investment income, net		19,971		242,552		262,523
Realized gains on sales of investments, net		97,862		238,300		336,162
Unrealized gains on investments, net		234,658		708,235		942,893
Other interest income and gains		380,099		-		380,099
		732,590		1,189,087		1,921,677
OTHER CHANGE IN NET ASSETS						
Net periodic income and pension-related loss		(21,826)				(21,826)
Change in net assets		141,311		1,575,762		1,717,073
NET ASSETS, beginning of year		17,090,854		9,911,286		27,002,140
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$	17,232,165	\$	11,487,048	\$	28,719,213

Combined Statements of Activities

	Year Ended December 31, 2023					23
	Without	Donor	Wit	th Donor		
	Restri	ctions	Res	strictions		Total
OPERATING REVENUES AND GAINS						
Ticket sales and admissions	\$ 3,6	39,122	\$	-	\$	3,639,122
Membership revenues	4,3	11,141		-		4,311,141
Restricted gifts and grants	1,3	24,731		267,243		1,591,974
Fundraising event income		62,305		-		62,305
Third-party venue license fees	1,8	03,388		-		1,803,388
Other operating revenues	1,5	40,331		-		1,540,331
Net assets released from restriction	5	92,670		(592,670)		
	13,2	73,688		(325,427)		12,948,261
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Performance and production	10,5	72,344		-		10,572,344
Fundraising, including event expense	1,1	34,607		-		1,134,607
Management and general	2,0	92,285		-		2,092,285
-	13,7	99,236		-		13,799,236
Change in net assets from operations	(5	25,548)		(325,427)		(850,975)
NON-OPERATING GAINS AND LOSSES						
Investment income (expense), net	(19,049)		175,075		156,026
Realized gains on sales of investments, net	•	84,639		1,627,993		2,112,632
Unrealized losses on investments, net	(1	39,193)		(465,993)		(605,186)
Other interest income and gains	4	38,582		-		438,582
	7	64,979		1,337,075		2,102,054
OTHER CHANGE IN NET ASSETS						
Net periodic income and pension-related loss		(1,993)				(1,993)
Change in net assets	2	37,438		1,011,648		1,249,086
NET ASSETS, beginning of year	16,8	53,416		8,899,638		25,753,054
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$ 17,0	90,854	\$	9,911,286	\$	27,002,140

Combined Statements of Functional Expenses

Year E	Ended	Decem	ber	31.	2024
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			Fu	ndraising		·	
	Pe	rformance	(I	ncluding	Ma	anagement	
	and	Production	Ever	nt Expense)	an	d General	Total
	-						
Salaries and wages	\$	2,163,531	\$	598,179	\$	1,629,572	\$ 4,391,282
Payroll taxes		170,919		47,256		128,921	347,096
Employee benefits		221,011		125,370		229,434	575,815
Accounting and legal		-		-		87,955	87,955
Advertising and publicity		798,813		29,828		-	828,641
Credit losses		-		-		118,737	118,737
Custodial		15,817		-		-	15,817
Depreciation		703,172		-		-	703,172
Direct talent cost		6,235,187		-		-	6,235,187
Dues and subscriptions		-		-		5,749	5,749
Food and beverage		87,203		260,543		-	347,746
Theater lighting		76,160		-		-	76,160
Office technology and support		67,482		33,741		67,482	168,705
Insurance		189,264		20,522		39,573	249,359
Facilities and maintenance		366,319		-		-	366,319
Facility rental costs		39,483		-		-	39,483
Musical and sound rental		393,093		-		-	393,093
Office supplies		-		-		17,798	17,798
Other		-		17,965		146,725	164,690
Payroll and HR services		37,253		5,592		150,407	193,252
Postage and mailing		4,276		4,275		4,275	12,826
Production costs		125,000		66,495		-	191,495
Service charges		150,011		-		-	150,011
Strategic planning consulting		-		115,000		-	115,000
Telephone		2,862		2,863		2,863	8,588
Entertainment/travel		22,102		-		1,464	23,566
Utilities		125,815		<u>-</u>			 125,815
	\$	11,994,773	\$	1,327,629	\$	2,630,955	\$ 15,953,357

Combined Statements of Functional Expenses

Year	Ended	Decem	ber 31	1, 2023
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			Fu	ındraising		•		_
	Pe	rformance	(I	ncluding	Ma	anagement		
	and	Production	Event Expense)		and General			Total
Salaries and wages	\$	2,018,785	\$	604,993	\$	1,410,548	\$	4,034,326
Payroll taxes		159,484		47,794		111,434		318,712
Employee benefits		190,219		107,810		168,419		466,448
Accounting and legal		-		-		76,457		76,457
Advertising and publicity		667,161		25,342		-		692,503
Credit losses		-		-		42,810		42,810
Custodial		3,983		-		-		3,983
Depreciation		631,579		-		-		631,579
Direct talent cost		5,469,576		-		-		5,469,576
Dues and subscriptions		-		-		4,424		4,424
Food and beverage		87,811		223,635		-		311,446
Theater lighting		89,760		-		-		89,760
Office technology and support		38,551		19,276		38,551		96,378
Insurance		129,382		14,029		27,053		170,464
Facilities and maintenance		287,550		-		-		287,550
Facility rental costs		56,569		-		-		56,569
Musical and sound rental		281,626		-		-		281,626
Office supplies		-		-		15,212		15,212
Other		-		15,386		141,370		156,756
Payroll and HR services		36,038		11,262		27,779		75,079
Postage and mailing		3,748		3,748		3,748		11,244
Production costs		125,000		57,023		-		182,023
Service charges		155,555		-		-		155,555
Strategic planning consulting		-		-		8,750		8,750
Telephone		4,309		4,309		4,310		12,928
Entertainment/travel		41,708		-		6,222		47,930
Utilities		93,950				5,198	_	99,148
	•	40 570 044	.	4 424 607	•	2 002 205	•	42 700 222
	\$	10,572,344	\$	1,134,607	<u>\$</u>	2,092,285	\$	13,799,236

Combined Statements of Cash Flows

	Years Ended December 31,			
		2024		2023
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				_
Change in net assets	\$	1,717,073	\$	1,249,086
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided				
(used) by operating activities				
Depreciation		703,172		631,579
Reinvested dividends		(44,889)		-
Realized gains on sales of investments, net		(336,162)		(2,112,632)
Unrealized (gains) losses on investments, net		(942,893)		605,186
Provision for credit losses		118,737		42,810
Pension-related changes other than net periodic pension income		21,826		-
Adjustment to right-of-use asset for operating lease		140,886		136,675
Accretion of lease liability		6,153		7,357
(Increase) decrease in				
Accounts receivable		(2,774,954)		63,556
Grants receivable		(171,408)		195,000
Contributions receivable, net		-		40,000
Accrued interest receivable		20,713		(54,585)
Other current assets		(34,731)		(9,661)
Insurance premiums receivable		(119,999)		(98,132)
Assets for postretirement benefits and accrued retirement		, ,		, , ,
contribution		139,975		(11,258)
Increase (decrease) in				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(729,499)		277,993
Deferred revenues		2,734,485		93,407
Operating lease liabilities for cash paid		(146,861)		(146,864)
		301,624		909,517
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of leaseholds and equipment		(579,468)		(502,549)
Proceeds from sales of investments		2,310,599		10,948,938
Purchases of investments		(2,545,957)		(12,191,505)
Taronasso of investmente		(814,826)		(1,745,116)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(513,202)		(835,599)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year		7,457,289		8,292,888
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$	6,944,087	\$	7,457,289
SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
Right-of-use asset obtained in exchange for new operating lease				
liability	\$	-	\$	103,054
indomy	Ψ		Ψ	100,004

Notes to Combined Financial Statements
December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Organization

Saratoga Performing Arts Center, Inc. (SPAC) was incorporated as a not-for-profit 501(c)(3) in the State of New York on June 25, 1962, to promote, sponsor, cultivate, and develop, among its members and the community-at-large, an appreciation and understanding of the performing arts. The National Museum of Dance (Museum) was incorporated as a not-for-profit membership organization in the State of New York on April 26, 1985. During 1991, the management of SPAC and the Museum were combined. The Museum building is temporarily closed due to structural issues. The accounts of the Museum are maintained as separate, identifiable accounts in the records of SPAC. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

b. Basis of Accounting

The combined financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) for not-for-profit entities.

c. Estimates

The preparation of combined financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the combined financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

d. Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date (see Note 11).

e. Cash and Cash Equivalents

SPAC's and the Museum's cash and cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less.

f. Accounts Receivable, Net, and Grants Receivable

Accounts and grants receivable are carried at the original invoice amount less an estimate made for uncollectable accounts based on a review of all outstanding amounts performed on a monthly basis. Accounts and grants receivable are written off when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of accounts previously written off are recorded when received. An account or grant receivable is considered to be past due if any portion of the receivable balance has been outstanding for more than 90 days. Interest is not charged on outstanding receivables.

g. Allowance for Credit Losses

SPAC measures expected credit losses under the current expected credit loss (CECL) methodology applicable to financial assets measured at amortized cost, which include trade receivables and grants receivable. An allowance for credit losses under the CECL methodology is determined using the loss-rate approach and measured on a collective (pool) basis when similar risk characteristics exist. Where financial instruments do not share risk characteristics, they are evaluated on an individual basis.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements
December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

g. Allowance for Credit Losses (Continued)

The CECL allowance is based on relevant available information, from internal and external sources, relating to past events, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. The allowance for credit losses as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and change in the allowance for credit losses during the years then ended, was not material to the financial statements.

h. Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value. Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments are reflected in the statements of activities. Investments are classified as non-current as they will not be used for current operations.

i. Leasehold Improvements and Equipment, Net

Leasehold improvements and equipment are recorded at cost. Expenditures for acquisitions, renewals, and betterments are capitalized, whereas maintenance and repair costs are expensed as incurred. When leasehold improvements and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the appropriate accounts are relieved of costs and accumulated depreciation, and any resultant gain or loss is charged to the change in net assets. Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method in a manner that is intended to amortize the cost of such assets over their estimated useful lives (five to 50 years). Amortization of leasehold improvements, which is included with depreciation in these financial statements, is computed over the shorter of the life of the lease or the life of the asset.

Long-lived assets to be held and used are tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amount may not be recoverable. When required, impairment losses on assets to be held and used are recognized based on the excess of the asset's carrying amount over its fair value. There was no impairment on long-lived assets at December 31, 2024 or 2023.

j. Leases

SPAC determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease at inception, which is the date on which the terms of the contract are agreed to, and the agreement creates enforceable rights and obligations. A contract is or contains a lease when (i) explicitly or implicitly identified assets have been deployed in the contract and (ii) the customer obtains substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of that underlying asset and directs how and for what purpose the asset is used during the term of the contract. SPAC also considers whether its service arrangements include the right to control the use of an asset.

SPAC recognizes most leases on its combined statements of net position as a right-of-use (ROU) asset, representing the right to use an underlying asset, and a lease liability, representing the obligation to make lease payments over the lease term, measured on a discounted basis. Leases are classified as either finance or operating leases based on certain criteria. Classification of the lease affects the pattern of expense recognition in the combined statements of activities.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements
December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

j. Leases (Continued)

SPAC does not recognize ROU assets and lease liabilities for leases with a term of 12 months or less. For all other leases, ROU assets and lease liabilities are measured based on the present value of future lease payments over the lease term at the commencement date of the lease. The ROU assets also include any initial direct costs incurred and lease payments made at or before the commencement date and are reduced by any lease incentives received. To determine the present value of lease payments, SPAC utilizes a risk-free borrowing rate, which is aligned with the lease term at the lease commencement date.

k. Net Assets

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor- or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

- Net assets without donor restrictions: Net assets without donor restrictions are net assets available for
 use in general operations and not subject to donor restrictions. The Boards of Directors (Boards) have
 designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for a Board-designated endowment.
- Net assets with donor restrictions: Net assets with donor restrictions consist of net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Gifts of long-lived assets and gifts of cash restricted for the acquisition of long-lived assets are recognized as revenue when the assets are placed in service.

SPAC and the Museum report contributions restricted by donors as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions expire (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished) in the reporting period the revenue is recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

I. Contract Revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized in accordance with a five-step model as follows:

- 1. Identify the contract with the customer
- 2. Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- 3. Determine the transaction price
- 4. Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligation(s) in the contract
- 5. Recognize revenue when or as performance obligations are satisfied

Notes to Combined Financial Statements
December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Contract Revenue (Continued)

SPAC and the Museum assess the contract term as the period in which the parties to the contract have presently enforceable rights and obligations. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which SPAC and the Museum expect to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods and services to the customer. Revenue is recorded based on the transaction price, which is generally established in the contracts.

SPAC earns event-related contract revenues principally from the sale of tickets, gift certificates and lawn passes for events that it produces. SPAC's performance obligations with respect to event-related revenues are satisfied at the point in time when the related event occurs.

SPAC has an agreement with a third party that grants the exclusive right and license to book, co-promote, co-produce, and co-present all Touring and Professional (T&P) events at SPAC through September 2039. In consideration of a guaranteed fee, referred to as venue license fees on the combined statements of activities, paid to SPAC each year, plus a percentage based on attendance, the third party is entitled to all revenues derived from, relating to, or otherwise generated by the presentation of T&P events presented at SPAC. In addition, the third party bears all of the financial risk associated with the promotion, production, and presentation of each T&P event. SPAC's performance obligations with respect to event-related revenues from the venue license fees from the third-party promoter are satisfied at the point in time when the related event occurs.

As a part of the agreement with the third-party promoter, SPAC receives variable consideration for bonuses for attendance, concessions and parking that are affected by various levels of attendance. The amount of variable consideration included in the transaction price is constrained and is included only to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. The amount of attendance and, as such, the variable consideration are known after each event occurs.

Other operating revenue mainly includes restaurant revenue, box office fees and revenue from the rental of the amphitheater. Restaurant revenue is recognized when food, beverages and/or services are provided to the customer as that is the point in which the related performance obligation is satisfied. Box office fees are the handling fees that are charged upon the purchase of a ticket, which are recognized at a point in time. Revenue from the rental of the amphitheater is recognized as the event/rental occurs.

The timing of revenue recognition may not align with the right to invoice the customer. SPAC records accounts receivable when it has the unconditional right to issue an invoice and receive payment regardless of whether revenue has been recognized. If revenue has not yet been recognized, a contract liability (deferred revenue) also is recorded. The following details SPAC's accounts receivable and deferred revenue from contract revenue:

	December 31,								
	2024			2023		2022			
Accounts receivable, net Deferred revenue	\$	1,715,307 296,541	\$	953,215 568,171	\$	1,321,884 350,527			

Notes to Combined Financial Statements
December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

m. Contributions, Grants and Membership Dues

SPAC and the Museum recognize contributions and grants when cash, securities, or other assets; an unconditional promise to give; or a notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional contributions, grants and promises to give (that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier and a right of return) are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been met.

Membership revenue is recognized throughout the membership period, which is from October 1 to September 30. Membership revenue received in advance of the period in which it applies, or committed to in advance of the period in which it applies for multi-year membership arrangements, is recorded as deferred revenue.

n. Donated Services

Donated services, marketable securities, property and equipment, and other non-cash donations are recorded as contributions at their fair value at the date of donation. Such donations are recorded as increases in net assets without donor restrictions unless the donor has restricted the donated asset for a specific purpose.

o. Functional Allocation of Expenses

Expenses that are specific to a function are charged directly to that function. The Executive Director's salary is allocated between fundraising and management and general based on time and effort. Insurance costs are allocated based on time and effort.

p. Advertising and Publicity

Advertising and publicity costs are expensed as incurred.

q. Tax Status

SPAC and the Museum are not-for-profit organizations as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) and are exempt from federal income taxes. SPAC and the Museum have been classified as publicly supported organizations that are not private foundations under Section 509(a) of the Code.

SPAC and the Museum each file Form 990 annually with the Internal Revenue Service. When annual returns are filed, some tax positions taken are highly certain to be sustained upon examination by the taxing authorities, while other tax positions are subject to uncertainty about the technical merits of the position or amount of the position's tax benefit that would ultimately be sustained. Management evaluated SPAC's and the Museum's tax positions, including interest and penalties attributable thereto, and concluded that SPAC and the Museum have taken no tax positions that required adjustment in their financial statements as of December 31, 2024 or 2023.

r. Subsequent Events

SPAC and the Museum have evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition or disclosure through March 13, 2025, the date the combined financial statements were available to be issued.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements
December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 2. Liquidity and Availability

	December 31,				
	2024			2023	
Total assets	\$	36,222,981	\$	32,585,092	
Less: assets not available for general expenditures					
Cash and cash equivalents, held in endowment		(497,428)		(515,154)	
Accounts receivable to be collected after 2025		(1,344,500)		-	
Other current assets		(155,692)		(120,961)	
Investments, held in endowment		(14,044,915)		(12,485,613)	
Right-of-use asset, operating		(254,869)		(395,755)	
Leasehold improvements and equipment, net		(10,128,052)		(10,251,756)	
Insurance premiums receivable		(619,520)		(499,521)	
Asset for postretirement benefits	-			(105,263)	
Financial assets available for general expenditures	\$	9,178,005	\$	8,211,069	

SPAC and the Museum have \$9,178,005 of financial assets available within one year of the combined statement of financial position date as reflected in the table above. To help manage unanticipated liquidity needs, SPAC has an available line of credit in the amount of \$500,000 (see Note 4). Endowment funds include \$3,829,546 in unrestricted, Board-designated funds that are not subject to donor restrictions and could be made available by the Board, if necessary. The endowment includes \$7,917,382 in earnings on corpus that is subject to the spending policy and can be used to support classical programming. SPAC prepares annual operating budgets designed to balance revenues and expenditures at a breakeven level and carefully monitors liquidity needs through the regular review of those budgets.

Note 3. Leasehold Improvements and Equipment, Net

A summary of SPAC's and the Museum's leasehold improvements and equipment, net, is as follows:

	December 31,				
	2024			2023	
Cost of constructing amphitheater	\$	2,687,986	\$	2,687,986	
Amphitheater and facility improvements		10,924,971		10,845,497	
National Museum of Dance, leasehold improvements		2,045,023		2,045,023	
Dance studios		1,135,302		1,135,302	
Equipment		4,658,555		4,167,392	
		21,451,837		20,881,200	
Less accumulated depreciation		11,332,615		10,629,444	
		10,119,222		10,251,756	
Construction in progress		8,830			
	\$	10,128,052	\$	10,251,756	

Notes to Combined Financial Statements
December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 4. Line of Credit

SPAC has a line of credit with Adirondack Trust Company for \$500,000, under which SPAC may borrow at the prime rate less 0.38% (7.12% and 8.12% at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively), which is due on demand. There were no amounts outstanding at December 31, 2024 or 2023. This line of credit is secured by investments.

Note 5. Employee Benefit Plan

SPAC had a defined benefit pension plan covering employees who met certain eligibility requirements. Effective September 30, 2005, the plan was frozen. Employees did not accrue any further benefits after this date. All employees participating in the plan at that date became fully vested in their accrued benefits as of September 30, 2006.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Board of Directors elected to terminate the plan. Participants in the plan were given options for payouts, including annuities or lump sums. The plan was terminated effective June 1, 2024, and the settlement of the plan occurred on September 25, 2024. The assets with the plan were in excess of the required settlement payment.

As of the date of settlement, the accumulated benefit obligation was \$828,751 and the fair value of the plan assets was \$958,751, producing a funded status of \$146,377.

Benefits paid during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$905,916 and \$271,030, respectively.

SPAC made no contributions to the plan for the years ended December 31, 2024 or 2023.

The amounts recognized in the combined statements of activities are as follows:

	December 31,					
	2024	-	2023			
Net periodic benefit income	\$ -	\$	(4,163)			
Interest cost	(24,663)		-			
Expected return on assets	39,036		2,170			
Net gain	26,741		-			
Impact of settlement	 (62,940)					
	 (21,826)	\$	(1,993)			

Note 6. Defined Contribution Plan

SPAC has a non-contributory defined contribution plan covering substantially all full-time employees. Eligible employees must have completed one year of service and worked at least 1,000 hours. Employer contributions of \$197,450 and \$140,912 were accrued as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. SPAC has a second defined contribution 403(b) plan covering substantially all full-time employees for which SPAC is not required to make contributions.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements
December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 7. Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for the following purposes:

	December 31,				
		2024		2023	
Subject to expenditure for specific purpose		_			
For the Spa Little Theater renovation	\$	611,500	\$	11,500	
For use in the year ended December 31, 2024		-		150,000	
For the School of the Arts		60,000		-	
For classical performances		53,000		35,500	
For Museum-related costs		22,567		-	
For educational purposes		15,000		80,243	
For new dance floor		-		41,701	
For Museum exhibits		12,184		12,184	
		774,251		331,128	
Subject to the spending policy and appropriations					
Investment to be held in perpetuity, the income from which					
is expendable to support classical performances		7,917,382		6,784,743	
Not subject to appropriation for expenditures					
Gifts to be held in perpetuity to support classical performances		2,795,415		2,795,415	
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$	11,487,048	\$	9,911,286	

SPAC has entered into an agreement with the H. Schaffer Foundation (Foundation) whereby the Foundation made a grant in the amount of \$2,500,000, designating all income derived from the grant to be used at SPAC's discretion for presentations of ballet, orchestra, chamber music, and opera.

Note 8. Endowment

SPAC's endowment consists of various investments overseen by the Finance and Audit Committee of the Board. Its endowment includes both donor-restricted endowment funds and funds designated by the Board that function as endowments. Net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements
December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 8. Endowment (Continued)

a. Relevant Law

The Board of SPAC has interpreted the New York State Not-For-Profit Corporation Law as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no such donor stipulations. As a result of this interpretation, SPAC retains in perpetuity (a) the original value of initial and subsequent gift amounts (including promises to give), net of discounts and the allowance for doubtful accounts donated to the endowment, and (b) any accumulations to the endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added. Donor-restricted amounts not retained in perpetuity are subject to appropriation for expenditure by the Board in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA). SPAC considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. The purposes of the organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. The possible effects of inflation and deflation
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of the organization
- 7. The investment policies of the organization

b. Endowment Net Asset Composition by Type of Fund

	Wi	thout Donor	٧	Vith Donor			
	R	estrictions	F	Restrictions		Total	
Donor-restricted endowment funds Board-designated endowment funds	\$	- 3,829,546	\$	10,712,797	\$	10,712,797 3,829,546	
Board designated endowners rando		0,020,040				0,020,040	
Total funds	\$	3,829,546	\$	10,712,797	\$	14,542,343	
			Dece	ember 31, 2023			
	Wi	thout Donor	٧	Vith Donor			
	R	estrictions		Restrictions	Total		
Donor-restricted endowment funds	\$	-	\$	9,580,158	\$	9,580,158	
Board-designated endowment funds		3,420,609		-		3,420,609	
Total funds	\$	3,420,609	\$	9,580,158	\$	13,000,767	

Notes to Combined Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 8. Endowment (Continued)

c. Changes in Endowment Net Assets

	Year Ended December 31, 2024								
	Without Donor With Donor								
	R	estrictions	R	Restrictions		Total			
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	3,420,609	\$	9,580,158	\$	13,000,767			
Investment income		99,598		242,552		342,150			
Net gain, realized		97,862		238,300		336,162			
Fees to managers		(23,181)		(56,448)		(79,629)			
Net gain, unrealized		234,658		708,235		942,893			
Total investment return		408,937		1,132,639		1,541,576			
Contributions		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>					
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	3,829,546	\$	10,712,797	\$	14,542,343			
		Year	Ended	December 31,	2023				
	Wi	thout Donor	V	Vith Donor		_			
	R	estrictions	R	Restrictions		Total			
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	2,036,542	\$	8,300,753	\$	10,337,295			
Investment income		55,666		175,075		230,741			
Net gain, realized		484,639		1,627,993		2,112,632			
Fees to managers		(17,045)		(57,670)		(74,715)			
Net loss, unrealized		(139,193)		(465,993)		(605,186)			
Total investment return		384,067		1,279,405		1,663,472			
Contributions		1,000,000				1,000,000			
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	3,420,609	\$	9,580,158	\$	13,000,767			

From time to time, certain donor-restricted endowment funds may have fair values less than the amount required to be maintained by donors or by law (underwater endowments). SPAC has interpreted UPMIFA to permit spending from underwater endowments in accordance with prudent measures required under law. There were no such deficiencies as of December 31, 2024 or 2023.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 8. Endowment (Continued)

d. Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

SPAC has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Under this policy, as approved by the Board, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to obtain a real rate of return on plan assets so that endowment assets both grow in value at a rate that exceeds the rate of inflation over the long term and in a way that limits yearly volatility to acceptable levels as reviewed and determined by the Finance and Audit Committee.

e. Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, SPAC relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). SPAC targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

f. Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy

SPAC's policy for distributing endowment fund earnings is based on the need to support its classical programming. Whether any distributions are made from endowment funds is decided annually by the Board in conjunction with SPAC's annual operating budget. Accordingly, over the long term, SPAC expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment to grow at a rate that exceeds the rate of inflation. This is consistent with SPAC's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specified term, as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

Note 9. Related-Party Transactions

During 1998, SPAC's Board entered into an employment agreement with the then-President of SPAC for a term of eight years. The agreement included provisions for an estate enhancement program last survivor variable split-dollar life insurance policy. Under the terms of the agreement, SPAC was obligated to pay annual premiums on this policy and is to be repaid in full for those premiums from the proceeds of the policy. SPAC is entitled to receive the greater of the premiums paid or the cash surrender value of the policy. These payments are recorded on the combined statements of financial position as insurance premiums receivable.

Note 10. Commitments and Risks

a. Concentration of Credit Risk

SPAC and the Museum maintain cash balances in several financial institutions. Accounts at these institutions are insured up to certain limits established by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). At times, SPAC and the Museum have bank deposits in excess of amounts insured by the FDIC.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 10. Commitments and Risks (Continued)

b. License and Lease Agreements

SPAC constructed an amphitheater on land owned by the State of New York, at a cost of \$2,687,986, from 1964 to 1966. In accordance with the provisions of a licensee agreement dated March 1, 1969, SPAC transferred title of the amphitheater to the State of New York in exchange for the exclusive use of the amphitheater during the months of June through September each year. The right-of-use license requires no exchange of consideration and expires on February 28, 2069.

c. Operating Leases and Escrow Account

SPAC is party to two agreements with the State of New York's Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation (OPRHP). The first agreement grants SPAC a license to use the Hall of Springs for the purpose of operating a concession for the sale of food and beverages through March 2026. Under the terms of the Hall of Springs agreement, SPAC is required to remit to OPRHP the greater of \$135,000 or 45% of the revenue earned by SPAC under the agreement on an annual basis.

Pursuant to the Hall of Springs agreement, SPAC is required to deposit 10% of annual revenues earned into a replacement and refurbishment account. The intent of the account is to provide funds to enhance and refurbish portions of the licensed premises. All expenditures from the account require the prior approval of OPRHP and co-authorization by SPAC and OPRHP. SPAC's liability under the agreement is \$263,041 and \$221,899 at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses on the combined statements of financial position.

The second agreement grants SPAC a license to use a portion of the Washington Bathhouse campus for the purpose of housing its School of the Arts Program through 2028, with a five-year renewal option. Under the Washington Bathhouse agreement, SPAC is required to remit \$11,862 on an annual basis for the initial term and \$12,218 if renewed.

Operating lease cost is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The components of lease expense, which is included in facilities and maintenance in the combined statements of functional expenses, are as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,								
		2024	-	2023					
Operating lease cost	\$	150,073	\$	144,030					
Variable lease cost		59,509		60,055					
Short-term lease cost		15,422		15,422					
	\$	225,004	\$	219,507					

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the weighted-average remaining lease term was 3.60 and 3.92 years, respectively, and the weighted-average discount rate was 2.14% and 1.93%, respectively.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements
December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 10. Commitments and Risks (Continued)

c. Operating Leases and Escrow Account (Continued)

Future undiscounted cash flows for the next five years and thereafter and a reconciliation to the operating lease liability recognized on the combined statement of financial position are as follows as of December 31, 2024:

Year ending December 31,	
2025	\$ 146,862
2026	45,612
2027	11,862
2028	12,218
2029	12,218
Thereafter	36,654
Total lease payments	 265,426
Less imputed interest	(13,211)
Total present value of operating lease liability	 252,215
Current installments of operating lease liability	 142,839
Long-term portion of operating lease liability	\$ 109,376

d. Fair Value of Investments

Investment securities held by SPAC are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risk in the near term could materially affect the amounts reported in the combined statements of financial position and the combined statements of activities.

Note 11. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

U.S. GAAP provides a framework for measuring fair value that includes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3).

The following three levels of inputs may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices and can include active markets and markets not considered to be active.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity.

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 11. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

Following are descriptions of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value at December 31, 2024 and 2023:

- Common stocks and U.S. Treasury obligations: Valued at the quoted closing price reported in the active market in which the individual security is traded.
- Mutual funds: Valued at the daily quoted net asset value (NAV) of shares held at year-end.
- Fixed-income securities: Valued at yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. Corporate bonds are valued under a discounted cash flows approach that maximizes observable inputs, such as current yields of similar instruments, but includes adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable, such as credit and liquidity risks.
- Alternative investments: Valued based upon the shares of the fund held by SPAC at year-end multiplied by the respective share value. As a practical expedient, the alternative investments do not have a readily determined fair value and are valued at the NAV provided by the fund manager. The NAV for each class of shares is determined by dividing the value of total assets attributable to the class minus liabilities attributable to the class by the total number of common shares outstanding of the class. The NAV is not a publicly quoted price in an active market and is computed in accordance with investment company measurement principles.
 - Private credit fund: The share value is calculated based on the fair value of the underlying investments, using quoted market prices, the market value of comparable companies, discounted cash flows, the realizable value of any collateral, and other estimates.
 - Real estate income trust: The asset value is based on the fair value of the underlying real estate, which is provided by third-party independent appraisers and reviewed by the fund's independent valuation advisor. Additionally, the fair value could be impacted by quoted market prices, the market value of comparable companies, discounted cash flows, the realizable value of any collateral, or other estimates.
 - Private equity fund: The share value is calculated based on the fair value of the underlying investments, using quoted market prices, the market value of comparable companies, discounted cash flows, the realizable value of any collateral, and other estimates.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 11. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

A summary of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows:

	December 31, 2024								
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total					
Common stocks Fixed-income securities U.S. Treasury notes Mutual funds	\$ 5,093,441 - 1,016,988 6,022,842	\$ - 1,100,355 - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 5,093,441 1,100,355 1,016,988 6,022,842					
Total investments in the fair value hierarchy	\$ 11,116,283	\$ 1,100,355	\$ -	13,233,626					
Investment measured at NAV (a) Alternative investments Private credit fund Real estate income trust Private equity fund				344,594 245,241 221,454 \$ 14,044,915					
		December	31 2023						
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total					
Common stocks Fixed-income securities U.S. Treasury notes Mutual funds	\$ 4,397,610 - 1,053,492 5,193,835	\$ - 1,122,654 - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 4,397,610 1,122,654 1,053,492 5,193,835					
Total investments in the fair value hierarchy	\$ 7,348,949	\$ 2,186,651	\$ -	11,767,591					
Investment measured at NAV (a) Alternative investments Private credit fund Real estate income trust Private equity fund				262,728 242,941 212,353 \$ 12,485,613					

Notes to Combined Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 11. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(a) Certain investments that were measured at the NAV per share (or its equivalent) have not been included in the fair value hierarchy. The fair values presented in these tables are intended to permit the reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy of the line items presented on the combined statements of financial position.

The following table summarizes the liquidity factors of investments measured at fair value based on the NAV per share, including redemption frequency, availability, and notice period, at December 31, 2024:

	N	et Asset Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Notice Period
Private credit fund Real estate income trust Private equity fund	\$	344,594 245,241 221,454	n/a n/a n/a	Quarterly Monthly Quarterly	n/a 2 days n/a
	\$	811,289			

Supplementary Information
Statements of Financial Position - Saratoga Performing Arts Center, Inc.

		Decem	ber 31,			
		2024		2023		
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,900,517	\$	7,412,961		
Accounts receivable, less allowance 2024: \$52,720; 2023: \$31,964		3,863,320		1,207,103		
Grants receivable		171,408		-		
Accrued interest receivable		41,118		61,831		
Other current assets		149,109		114,378		
Total current assets		11,125,472		8,796,273		
OTHER ASSETS						
Investments		14,044,915		12,485,613		
Right-of-use asset for operating leases, net		254,869		395,755		
Leasehold improvements and equipment, net		10,089,983		10,204,982		
Insurance premiums receivable		619,520		499,521		
Assets for postretirement benefits	-	<u>-</u>		105,263		
	\$	36,134,759	\$	32,487,407		
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	1,727,035	\$	2,456,534		
Accrued retirement contribution		197,450		140,912		
Deferred revenues		5,312,768		2,578,281		
Current installments of operating lease liabilities		142,839		140,708		
Total current liabilities		7,380,092		5,316,435		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, less current installments						
Operating lease liabilities		109,376		252,215		
COMMITMENTS						
NET ASSETS						
Without donor restrictions						
Board-designated		3,829,546		3,420,609		
Undesignated		13,340,881		13,599,046		
		17,170,427		17,019,655		
With donor restrictions		11,474,864		9,899,102		
Total net assets		28,645,291		26,918,757		
	\$	36,134,759	\$	32,487,407		

Supplementary Information
Statements of Activities - Saratoga Performing Arts Center, Inc.

				Years Ended [Decer	nber 31,	
	Wi	thout Donor	٧	Vith Donor		2024	2023
	R	estrictions	R	estrictions		Total	Total
OPERATING REVENUES AND GAINS						_	 _
Ticket sales and admissions	\$	4,769,599	\$	-	\$	4,769,599	\$ 3,639,122
Membership revenues		4,262,261		-		4,262,261	4,311,141
Restricted gifts and grants		1,848,004		740,567		2,588,571	1,591,974
Fundraising event income		3,505		-		3,505	62,305
Third-party venue license fees		2,201,145		-		2,201,145	1,803,388
Other operating revenues		1,945,498		-		1,945,498	1,540,331
Net assets released from restriction		353,892		(353,892)		-	-
		15,383,904		386,675		15,770,579	12,948,261
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Performance and production		11,986,067		-		11,986,067	10,550,228
Fundraising, including event expense		1,327,629		-		1,327,629	1,134,607
Management and general		2,630,190		-		2,630,190	2,091,595
		15,943,886		-		15,943,886	13,776,430
Change in net assets from operations		(559,982)		386,675		(173,307)	(828,169)
NON-OPERATING GAINS AND LOSSES							
Investment income, net		19,971		242,552		262,523	156,026
Realized gains on sales of investments, net		97,862		238,300		336,162	2,112,632
Unrealized gains (losses) on investments, net		234,658		708,235		942,893	(605,186)
Other interest income and gains		380,089		-		380,089	438,555
•		732,580		1,189,087		1,921,667	2,102,027
OTHER CHANGE IN NET ASSETS							
Net periodic income and pension-related loss		(21,826)		-		(21,826)	 (1,993)
Change in net assets		150,772		1,575,762		1,726,534	1,271,865
NET ASSETS, beginning of year		17,019,655		9,899,102		26,918,757	25,646,892
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$	17,170,427	\$	11,474,864	\$	28,645,291	\$ 26,918,757

Supplementary Information
Summary of Statements of Activities Based on Internal Operating Statement Saratoga Performing Arts Center, Inc.

	Years Ended December 31,							
		Without Donor		With Donor		2024		2023
	Re	estrictions	R	estrictions		Total		Total
OPERATING REVENUES								
Ticket sales and admissions	\$	4,769,599	\$	-	\$	\$ 4,769,599	\$	3,639,122
Membership revenues		4,262,261		-		4,262,261		4,311,141
Gifts and grants		1,848,004		740,567		2,588,571		1,591,974
Third-party venue license fees		2,201,145		-		2,201,145		1,803,388
Fundraising event income		3,505		-		3,505		62,305
Other operating revenues		1,945,498		-		1,945,498		1,540,331
Net assets released from restriction	353,892	(353,892)	-		-			
		15,383,904		386,675		15,770,579		12,948,261
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Performance and production		11,291,601		_		11,291,601		9,940,765
Fundraising, including event expense		1,327,629		_		1,327,629		1,134,607
Management and general		2,630,190		_		2,630,190		2,091,595
		15,249,420		-		15,249,420		13,166,967
Change in net assets from operations		134,484		386,675		521,159		(218,706)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)								
Depreciation		(694,466)		-		(694,466)		(609,463)
Investment income		479,687		242,552		722,239		669,296
Realized gains on sales of investments, net		97,862		238,300		336,162		2,112,632
Investment management fees		(79,627)		-		(79,627)		(74,715)
Other pension-related losses		(21,826)		-		(21,826)		(1,993)
Unrealized gains (losses) on investments, net		234,658		708,235		942,893		(605,186)
		16,288		1,189,087		1,205,375		1,490,571
Change in net assets		150,772		1,575,762		1,726,534		1,271,865
NET ASSETS, beginning of year		17,019,655		9,899,102		26,918,757		25,646,892
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$	17,170,427	\$	11,474,864	\$	28,645,291	\$	26,918,757

Supplementary Information
Statements of Financial Position - National Museum of Dance

	Decem	ber 31,	er 31,		
	 2024		2023		
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 43,570	\$	44,328		
Other current assets	6,583		6,583		
Total current assets	50,153		50,911		
LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS AND EQUIPMENT, net	 38,069		46,774		
	\$ 88,222	\$	97,685		
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Deferred revenues	\$ 14,300	\$	14,302		
NET ASSETS					
Without donor restrictions	61,738		71,199		
With donor restrictions	 12,184		12,184		
Total net assets	73,922		83,383		
	\$ 88,222	\$	97,685		

Supplementary Information Statements of Activities - National Museum of Dance

	Years Ended December 31,							
	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		2024 Total		2023 Total	
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Performance and production	\$	8,706	\$	-	\$	8,706	\$	22,116
Management and general		765		-		765		690
		9,471		-		9,471		22,806
Change in net assets from operations		(9,471)		-		(9,471)		(22,806)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES								
Interest income		10				10		27
Change in net assets		(9,461)		-		(9,461)		(22,779)
NET ASSETS, beginning of year		71,199		12,184		83,383		106,162
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$	61,738	\$	12,184	\$	73,922	\$	83,383

Supplementary Information
Summary of Statements of Activities Based on Internal Operating Statement National Museum of Dance

	Years Ended December 31,						
		2023					
OPERATING REVENUES							
Interest income	\$	10	\$	27			
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Management and general		765		690			
Operating loss		(755)		(663)			
NON-OPERATING EXPENSES							
Depreciation		(8,706)		(22,116)			
Net loss	_ \$	(9,461)	\$	(22,779)			